## 國立臺北科技大學

## 九十七學年度電資碩士在職專班招生考試

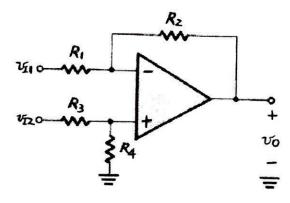
## 電子學 試題

填准考證號碼

第一頁 共二頁

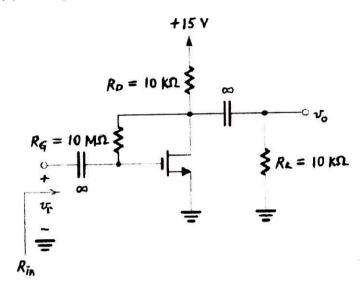
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- 本試題共【10】題,配分共100分。
  請按順序標明題號作答,不必抄題。
- 全部答案均須答在答案卷之答案欄內,否則不予計分。
- 1. Please sketch the circuit of operational amplifier-based unity-gain buffer (voltage follower) and briefly describe the function of this circuit. (10 分)
- 2. The following circuit is the so-called difference amplifier, assume the operational amplifier used in the circuit is ideal and let  $R_3 = R_1$  and  $R_4 = R_2$ , please
- (a) Calculate its differential gain Ad ( Ad  $\equiv$  Vo / (V<sub>12</sub>-V<sub>11</sub>) ). (5/ $\uparrow$ )
- (b) Calculate the input resistance of this difference amplifier. (5/2)

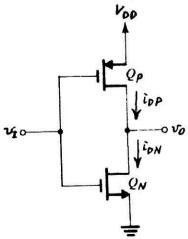


3. The weighted summer is one of the most important applications of operational amplifier. Please use two operational amplifiers to design a weighted summer that provides  $V_0 = 6 V_1 + 4V_2 - 9 V_3 \cdot (10 \%)$ 

- 4. Please sketch the basic building block of DC power supply structure and briefly describe the function and waveform of this structure.  $(10 \, \%)$
- 5. In the following figure, the transistor has Vt = 1.5V, Kn'(W/L) = 0.25 mA/V<sup>2</sup> and  $\lambda = 0$ . Determine
- (a) The small-signal voltage gain (vo/vi). (5分)
- (b) The input resistance (Rin). (5分)



- 6. Please sketch the cross-section of a CMOS integrated circuit with p-substrate. (10分)
- 7. In the following figure, the length of NMOS and PMOS is the same, and  $\mu_N = 3 \mu_P$ . If we want to have the same rise time and fall time for the inverter, how to design the width of NMOS and PMOS ? (10%)

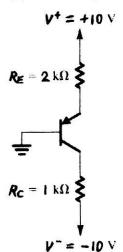


8. Explain why the two back-to-back diodes can not be used as a bipolar transistor. (10 分)

注意: 背面尚有試題

9. If  $\beta = 100$ , determine

- (a) The current of I<sub>C</sub> (5分)
- (b) The voltage of V<sub>CE</sub>. (5分)



10. Compare the features of three various MOS amplifiers including common-source(CS), common-gate(CG) and common-drain(CD). (10 分)